General Pharmaceuticals



1.8 Analysis of Pharmaceutical (Acetate Ester of Vitamin E) Using a Mass Spectrometer - GCMS

Explanation

Acetate ester of vitamin E (DL- α -tocopherol acetate) is used in prevention and treatment of vitamin E deficiency as well as being effective for peripheral vascular disturbance.

A commercially available cream with methylsiloxanne base was dissolved in methanol and the contained acetate ester of vitamin E acetate confirmed.

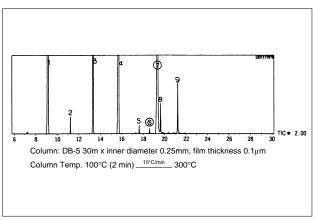


Fig. 1.8.1 Total ion chromatogram of cream

Chart 1.8.1 Qualitative results for cream

No.	Molecular Weight	Chemical Formula	Si	0	–CH₃	–C ₆ H ₅
1	360	C ₁₈ H ₂₈ O ₂ Si ₃	3	2	6	2
2	582	C ₂₄ H ₄₆ O ₅ Si ₆	6	5	12	2
3	570	C ₂₇ H ₄₂ O ₄ Si ₅	5	4	9	3
4	558	C ₃₀ H ₃₈ O ₃ Si ₄	4	3	6	4
5	780	C ₃₆ H ₅₆ O ₆ Si ₇	7	6	12	4
8	768	C ₃₉ H ₅₂ O ₅ Si ₆	6	5	9	5
9	756	C ₄₂ H ₄₈ O ₄ Si ₅	5	4	6	6
No.	Molecular Weight	Chemical Formula	Compound Name			
6	472	C ₃₁ H ₅₂ O ₃	Vitamin E acetate (α-tocopherol acetate)			
7	584	C ₃₄ H ₆₄ O ₇	Docosanoic acid triethyl citrate			

Analytical Conditions

Instrument : GCMS-QP5050A

-GC-

 $\label{eq:column} \begin{array}{ll} \mbox{Column} & : DB\text{-}5 \ (30m \times 0.25mm \ i.d. \ df=0.1 \mu m) \\ \mbox{Column Temp.} & : 100^{\circ}\mbox{C} \ (2min) - 10^{\circ}\mbox{C/min} - 300^{\circ}\mbox{C} \end{array}$

--MS--

Interface Temp. : 280°C lonization Method : EI

Scan Range : m/z 35-900 Scan Interval : 0.5sec

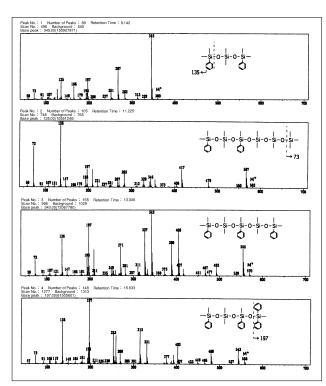


Fig. 1.8.2 Mass spectrums of peaks 1 to 4

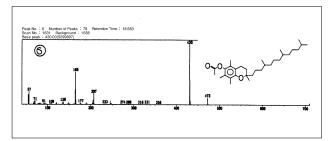


Fig. 1.8.3 Mass spectrums of peak (6)