



Automated Approaches to GC/Q-TOF Analysis

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Automated Approaches GC/Q-TOF, GC/MS and GC/MS/MS

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Overview of Presentation

- Anatune
- Thermal desorption
 - Twister
 - Dynamic headspace



Enrichment
Removal of unwanted matrix





Who does complex sample preparation?



Anatune

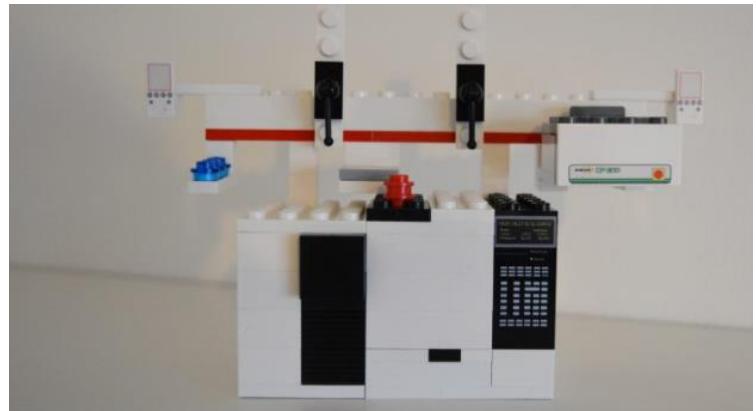
- Anatune specialise in Sample Preparation
- Based in Cambridge
- **Style:** Collaborate, Innovate, Automate
- Gerstel and Agilent
- Our Customer benefit – improved reliability, accuracy, cycle times, solvent consumption, increase capacity
- Since 2014 12 to 22 employees

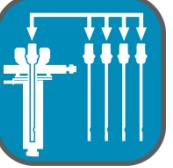
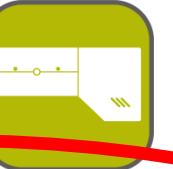
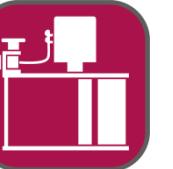


GC/Q-TOF 7200



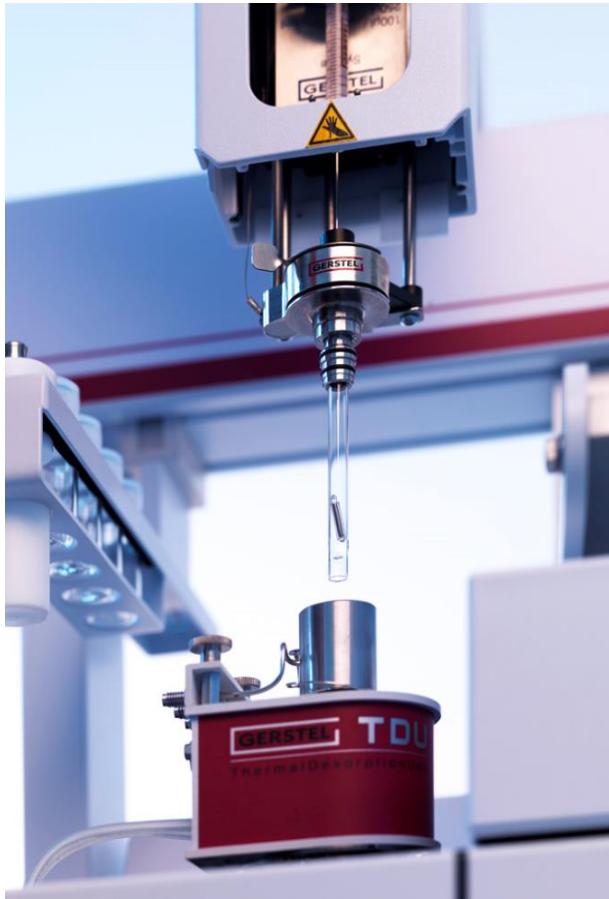
- Centrifugation
- Evaporation
- Mixing
- Filtering
- SPE
- Dynamic headspace



 MultiPurpose Sampler MPS	 Cooled Injection System CIS	 Automated Liner EXchange ALEX	 MAESTRO Software
 MultiFiber EXchange MEX	 Thermal Desorption System TDS	 Thermal Desorption Unit TDU	 Automated TDU Liner Exchange ATEX
 Twister	 Dynamic Headspace DHS	 easy Liner Exchange eLEX	 uFlowManager
 Selectable 1D/2D GC/MS	 Olfactory Detection Port OPD	 Microwave	 Disposable Pipette Extraction DPX
 MultiPosition Evaporation Station mVAP	 MAESTRO PrepAhead	 Solid Phase Extraction SPE	 Filtration
 Headspace	 Centrifuge CF200	 MultiPosition Vortex Station mVorx	 SPME

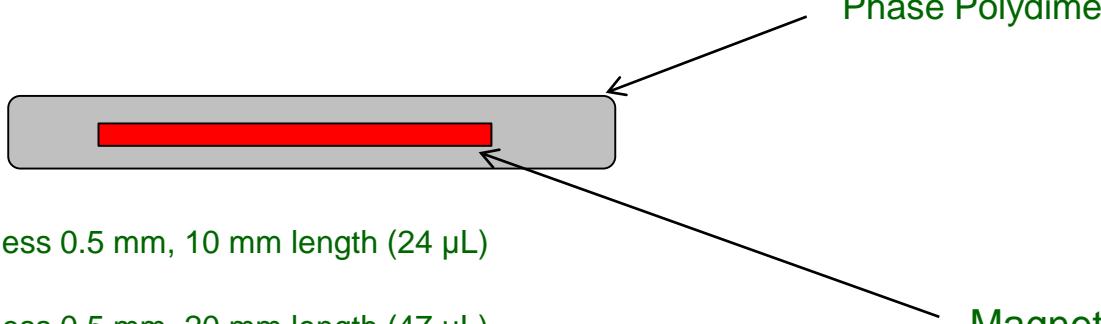
Twister (Stir Bar Sorptive Extraction)

Great enrichment technique



Twister SBSE

- SBSE Stir Bar Sorptive Extraction



thickness 0.5 mm, 10 mm length (24 µL)

thickness 0.5 mm, 20 mm length (47 µL)

thickness 1.0 mm, 10 mm length (63 µL)

thickness 1.0 mm, 20 mm length (126 µL)

SPME <1µL phase

EG Twister

Recovery of analytes onto twister

How well the analyte can adsorb onto PDMS phase?

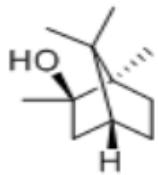
Depend on hydrophobic and lipophilic characteristics of analyte

Use calculated and theoretical Log K_{o/w} partition coefficients

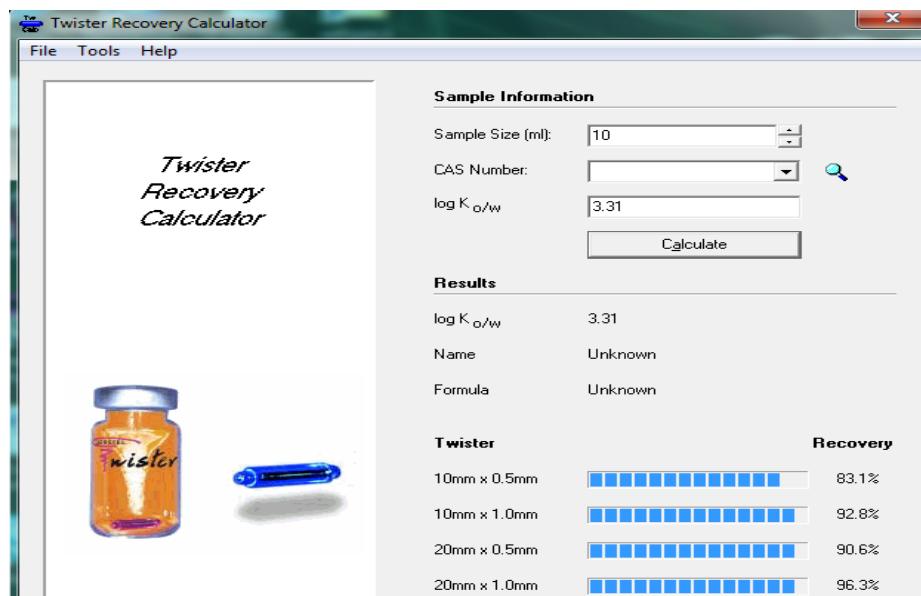


Theory of Twister SBSE

- Few examples (Methylisoborneol)



- Log K_{o/w} = 3.31



10-100 mL

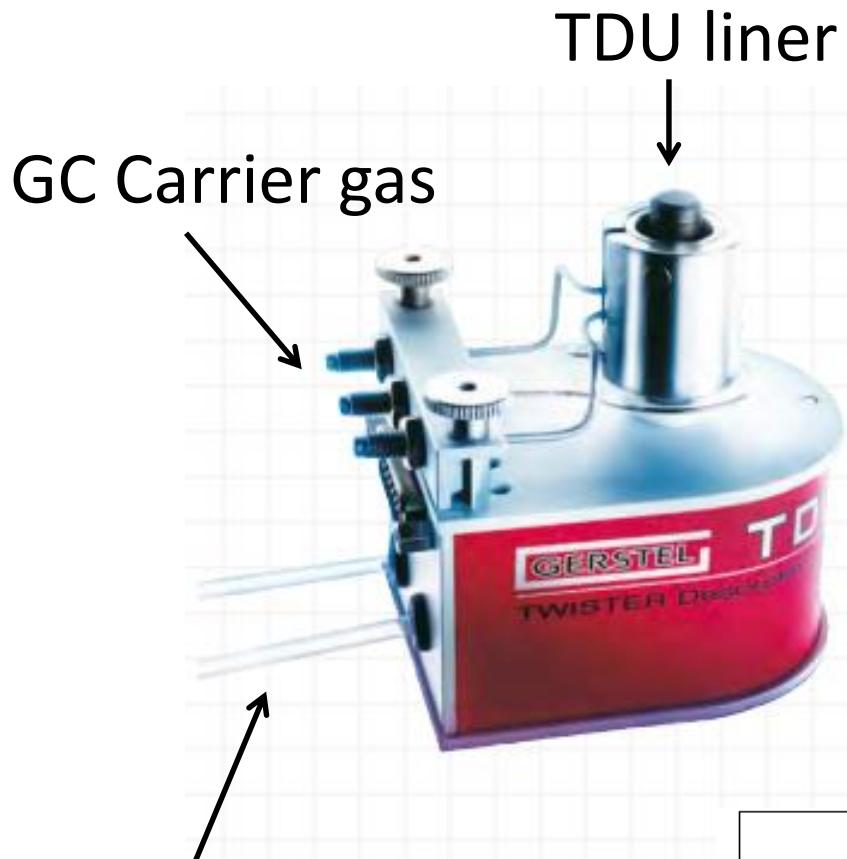
- After stirring for 1-2 hours
- Remove with magnetic fish
- Flush with few ml of deionised water
- Wipe with a tissue
- Insert into TDU Tube



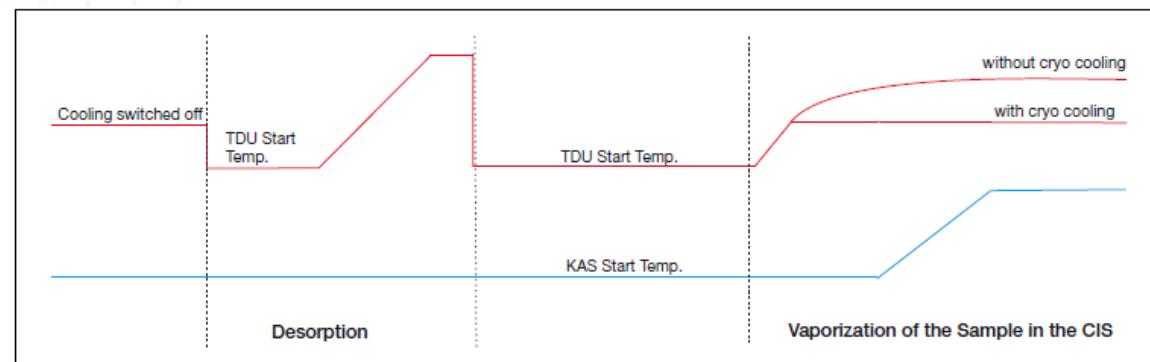
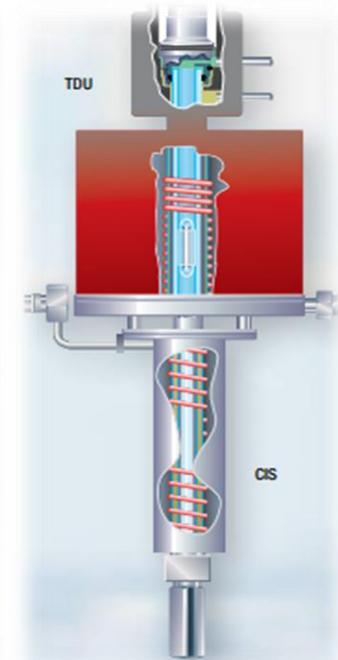
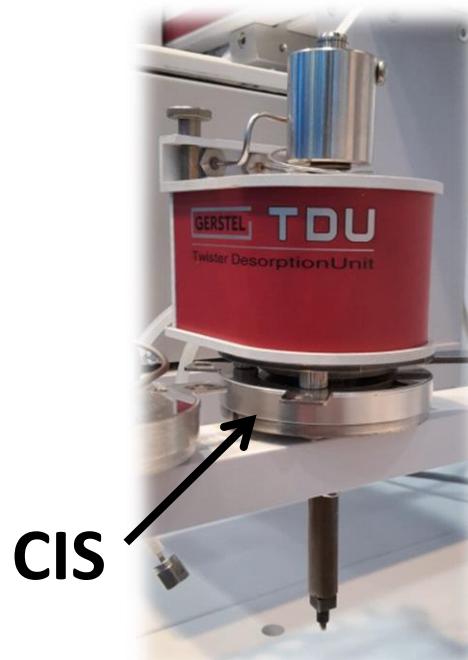
Twister- Headspace



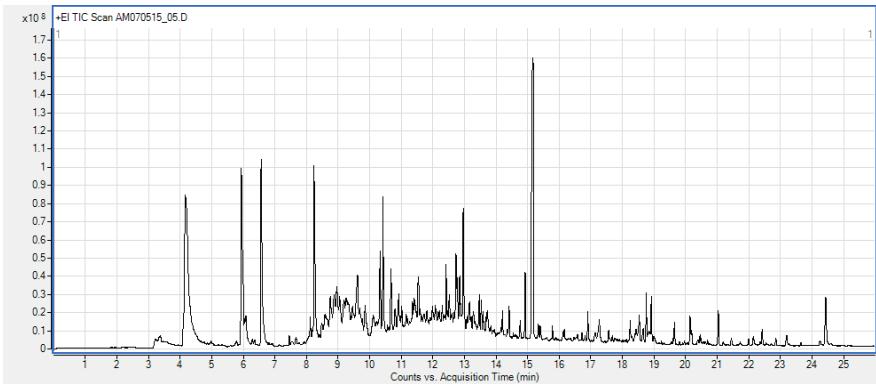
anatune Thermal Desorption Unit (TDU)



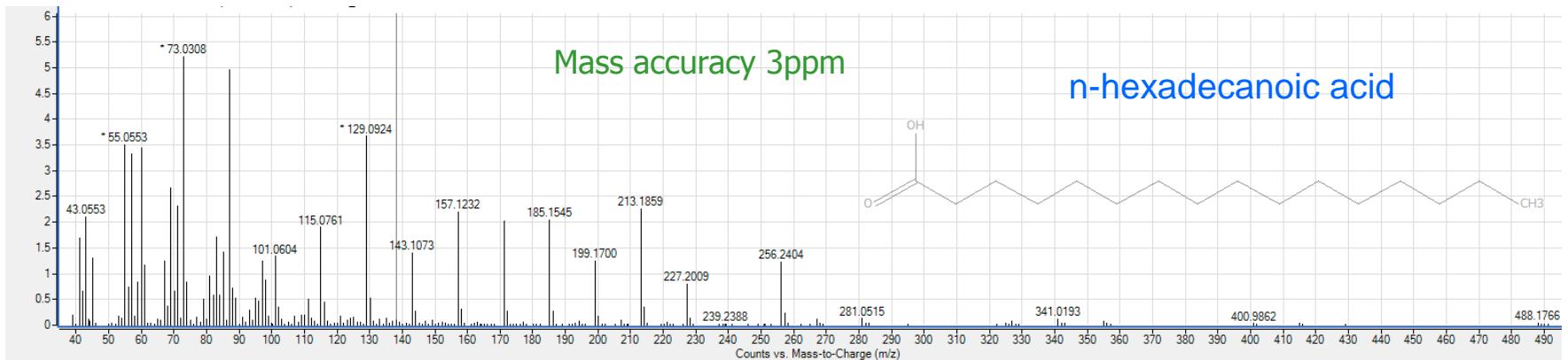
Cooling liquid



Keele University: Twisters in Bee Hives – looking at volatiles (2015)



- Well suited to GC/Q-TOF – Complex matrix
- More data points across a peak (5-10 hz) compared to 3hz single quad, better deconvolution
- Better deconvolution as using sub-unit mass resolution



Trace level target analysis Heptachlor and Heptachlor epoxide in coastal and surface water (<0.1pg/L)

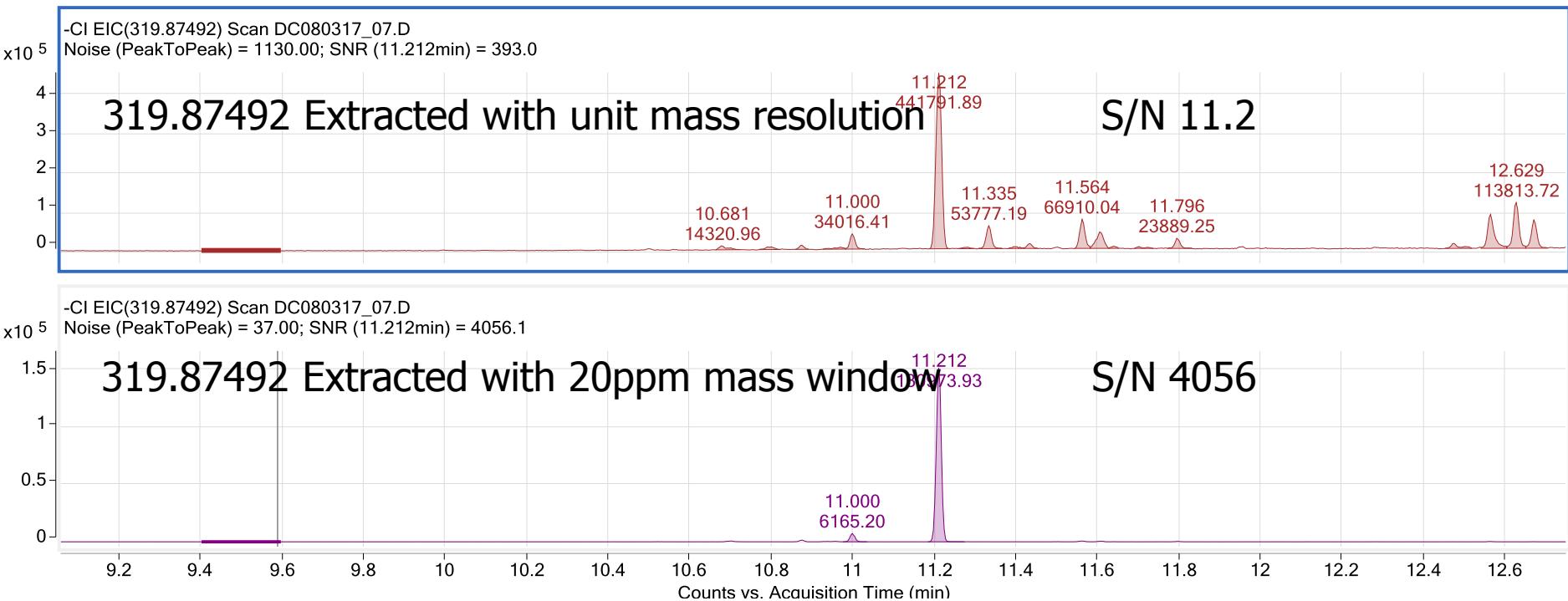
SPE 1000mL water eluting in 1.5 mL MeOH

0.5 mL extract diluted in 9.5 mL Deionised water.

Stirred for 1 hour



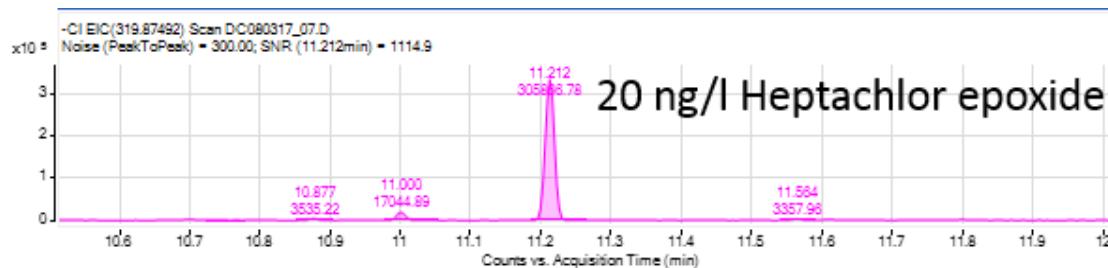
Heptachlor



- Unit mass resolution to extracting narrow mass window
- Signal to noise benefits by selectivity

Results

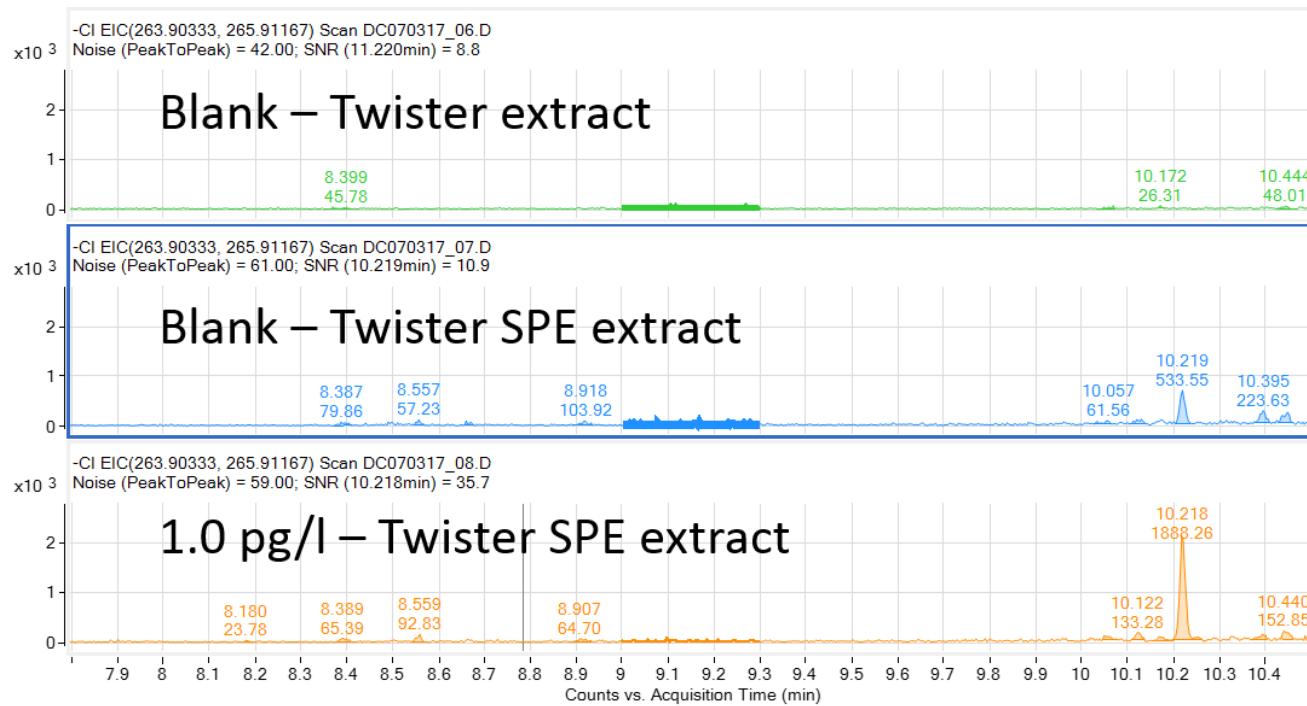
Reproducibility: Six separate twister extracts (20 ng/L)



Description	Heptachlor	Heptachlor epoxide
Blank	0	0
Twister extract 1	10202.88	358306.80
Twister extract 2	8511.26	292092.70
Twister extract 3	9794.07	349707.02
Twister extract 4	9305.69	355425.21
Twister extract 5	9707.83	319232.13
Twister extract 6	7906.07	302097.69
Mean	9237.97	329476.93
SD	868.1	28864.82
%RSD	9.40	8.76

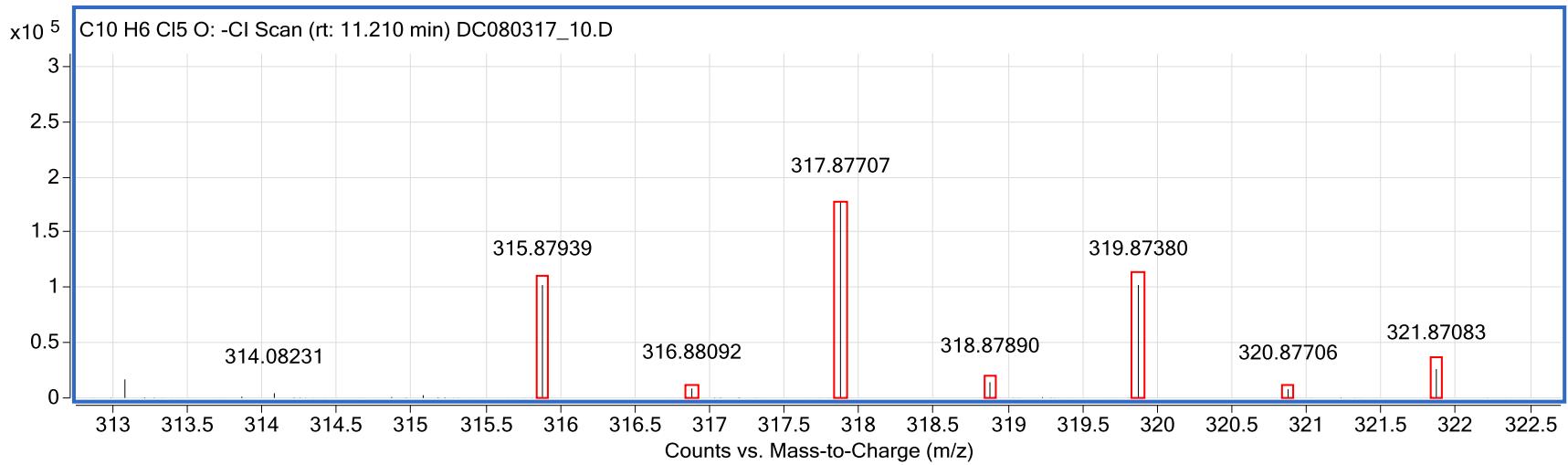
Results

Comparison of Blank, Blank SPE, and 1.0 pg/L (Heptachlor)



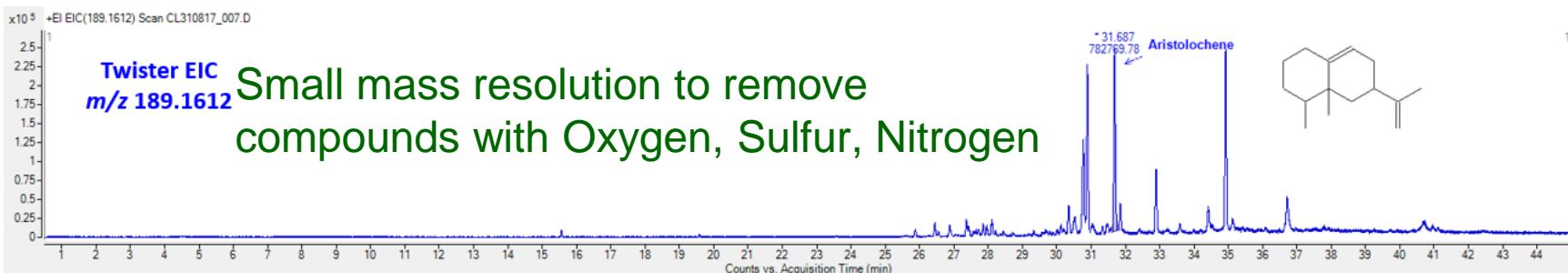
Detection limit calculated to be 0.1 pg/L

Isotope ratio pattern Cl₅

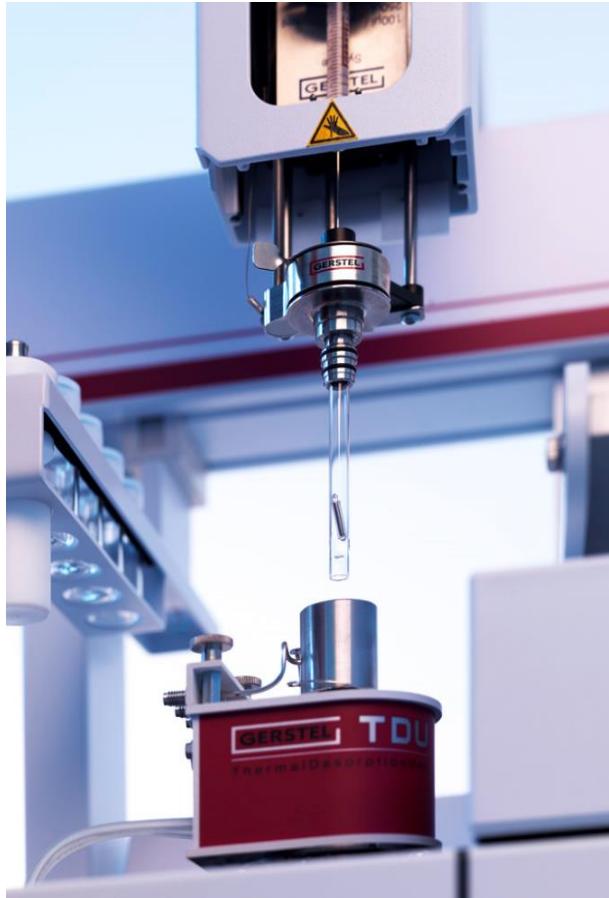


Excellent qualifier information!

- Anatune working with Tom Howard
- Different Fungi to produce biofuels – Cycloalkanes
- **Key benefit** to using twister removal of polar matrix (no nasty solvents!!!)
 - Some cyclic compounds not seen by liquid extraction



Twister (Stir Bar Sorptive Extraction)



**Enrichment
Removal unwanted matrix
Solvent free**

Same hardware as twister

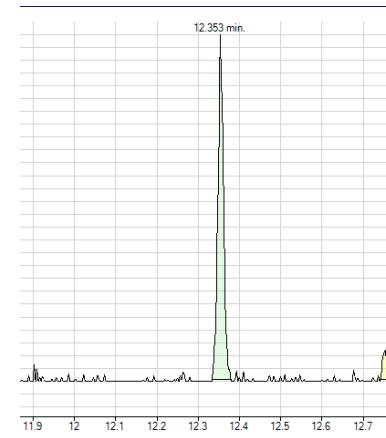
Automatic tube exchange ATEX

Volatiles in involatile matrix

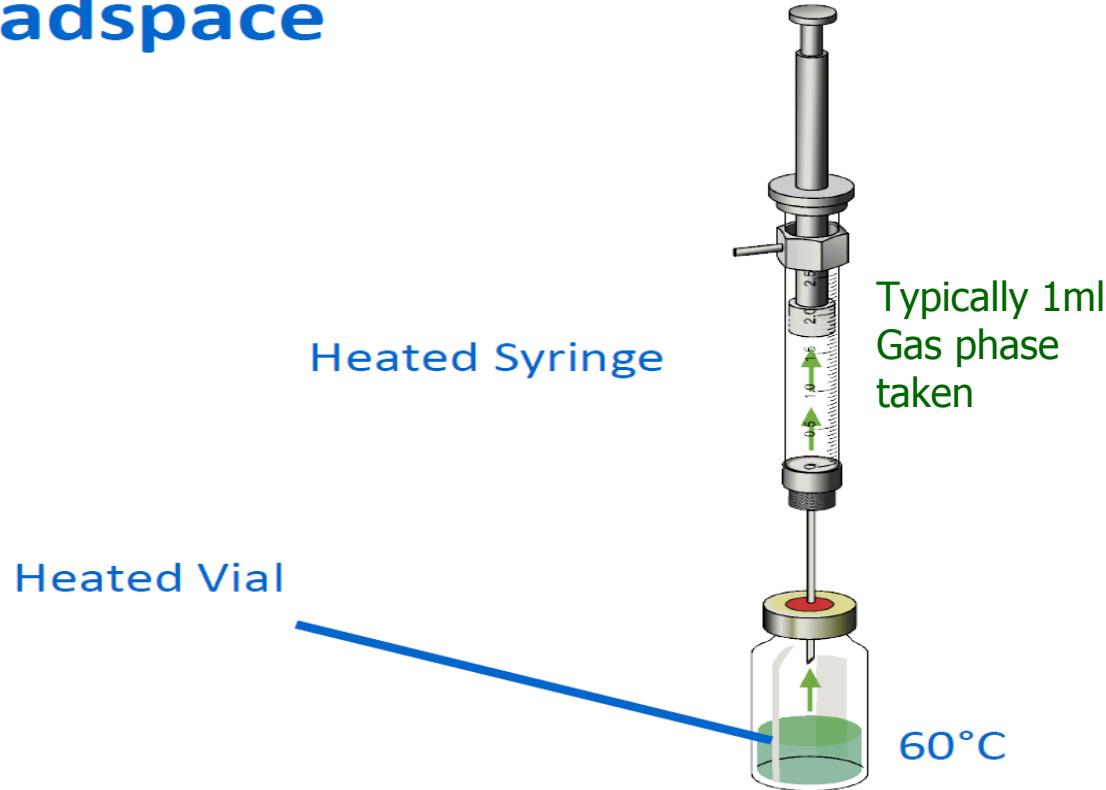


- Dirty QuECheRs extracts

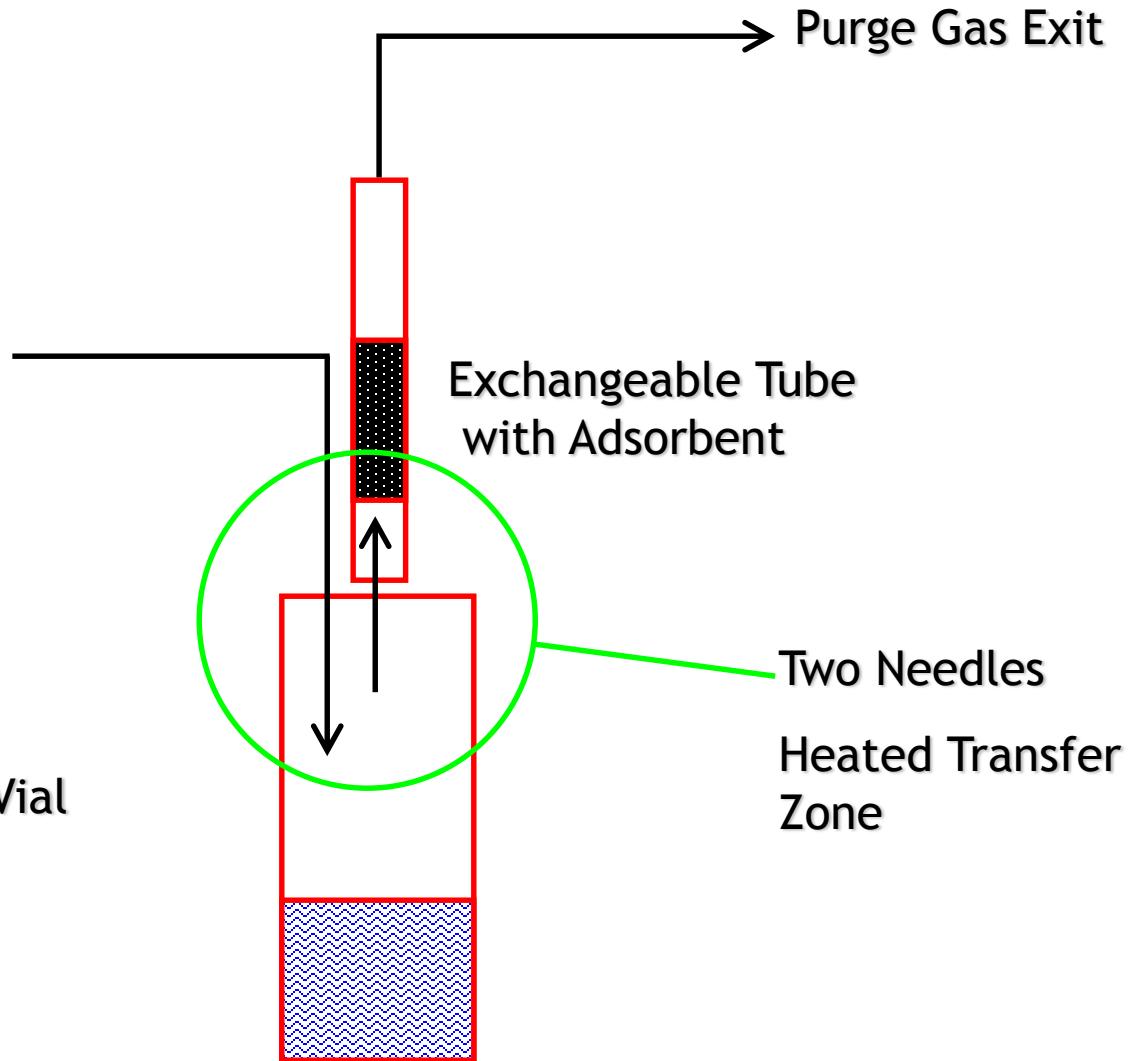
5ppb Pirimphos-methyl



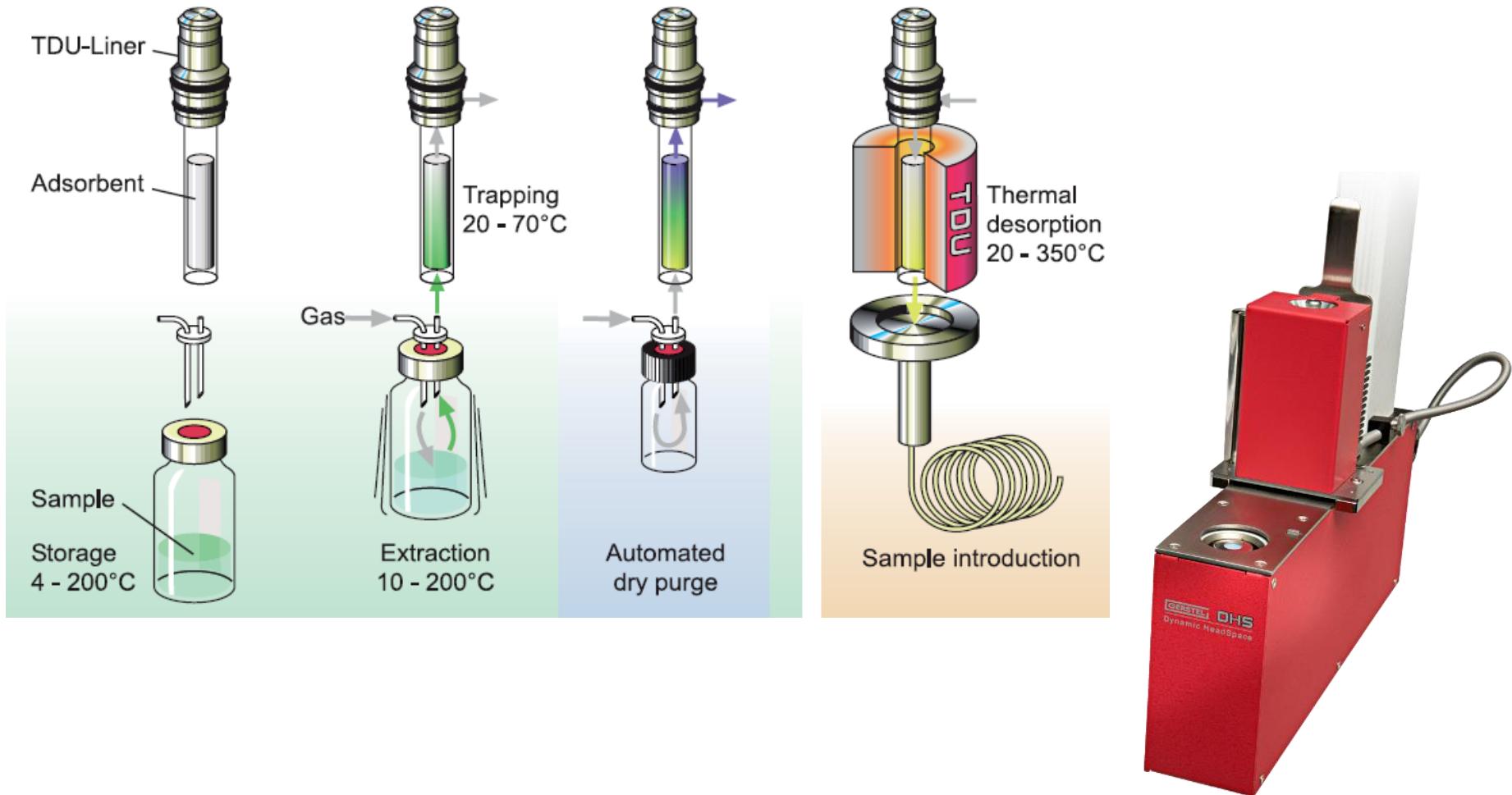
Static Headspace



Dynamic Headspace (DHS)

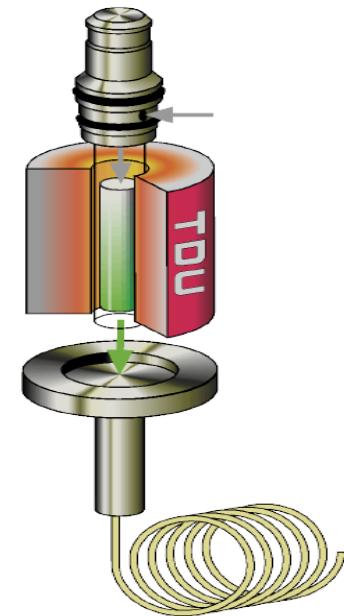
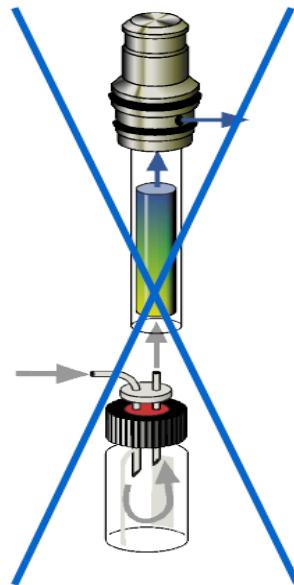
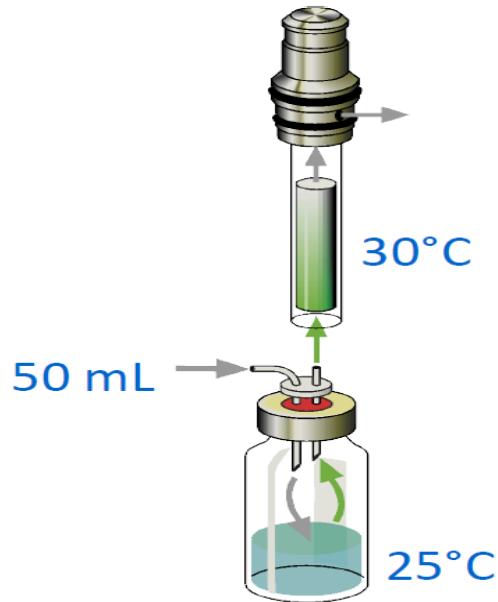


Dynamic Headspace (DHS)



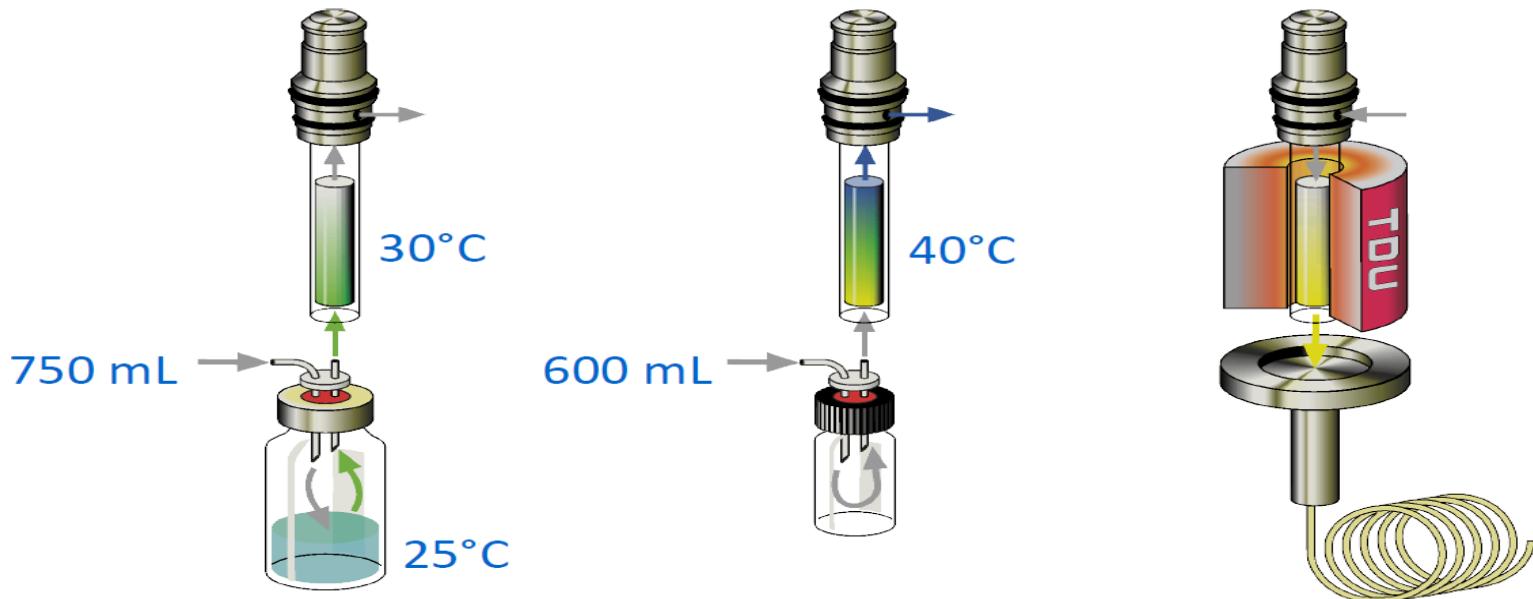
Dynamic Headspace

Method 1: Very Volatile Analytes



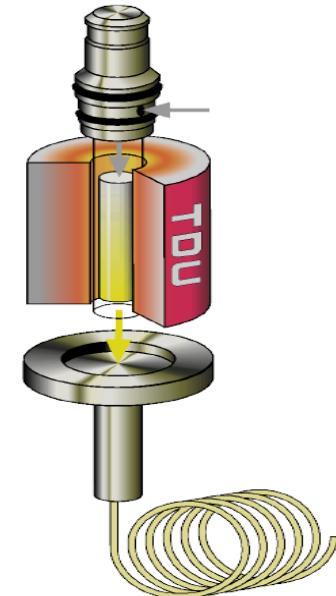
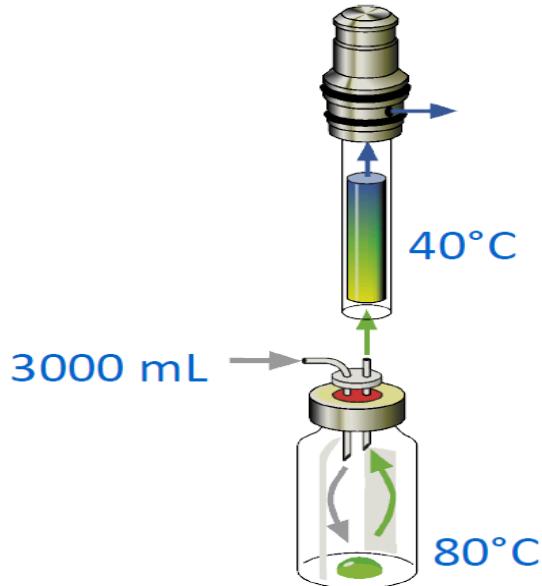
Dynamic Headspace

Method 2: Volatile or Semi Volatile Analytes

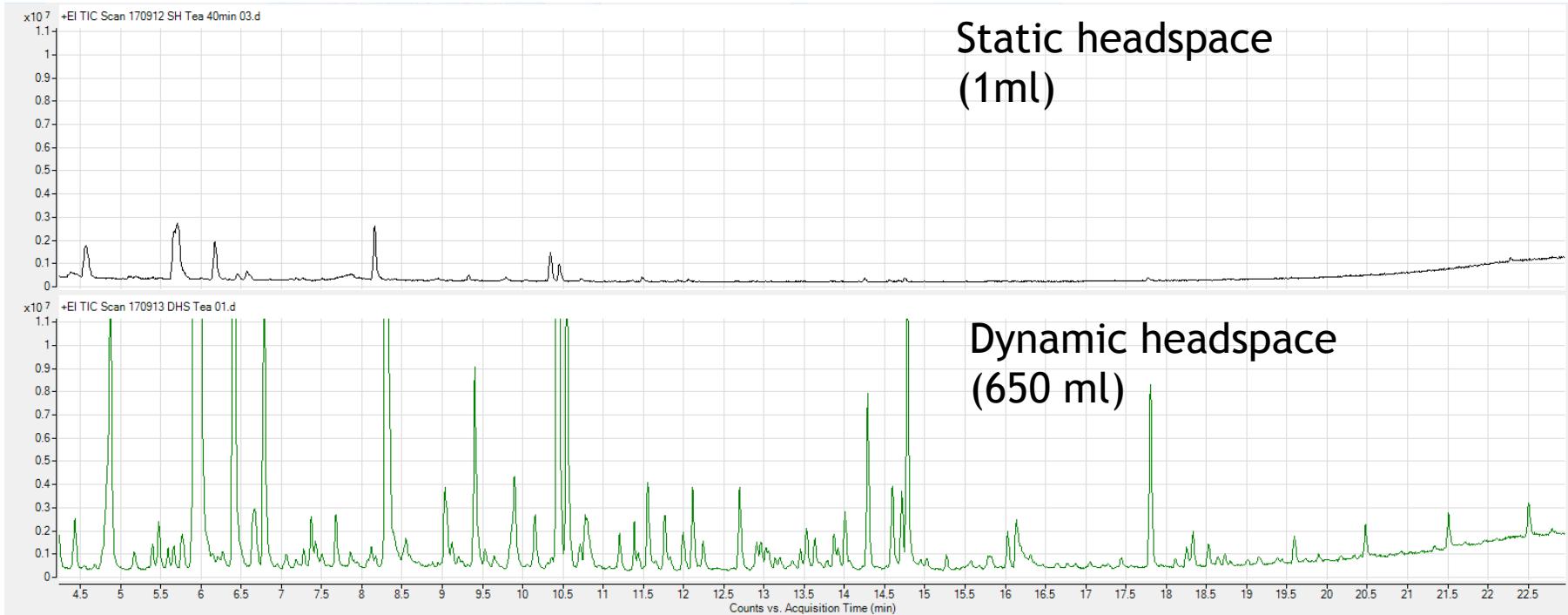


Dynamic Headspace

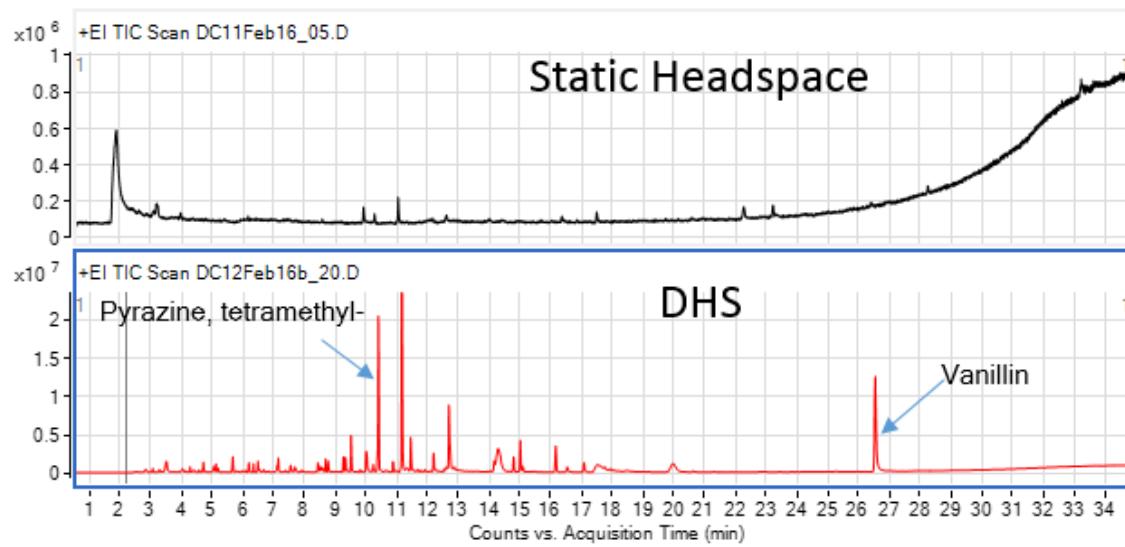
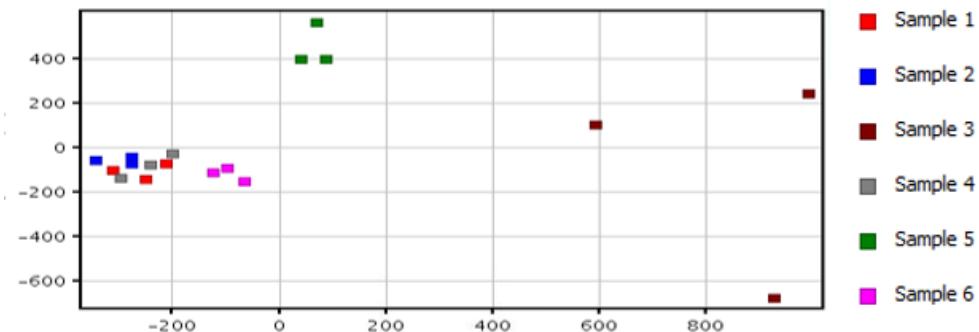
Method 3: Volatile, non volatile and hydrophilic analytes



Determination of Volatiles in tea



Pattern recognition work



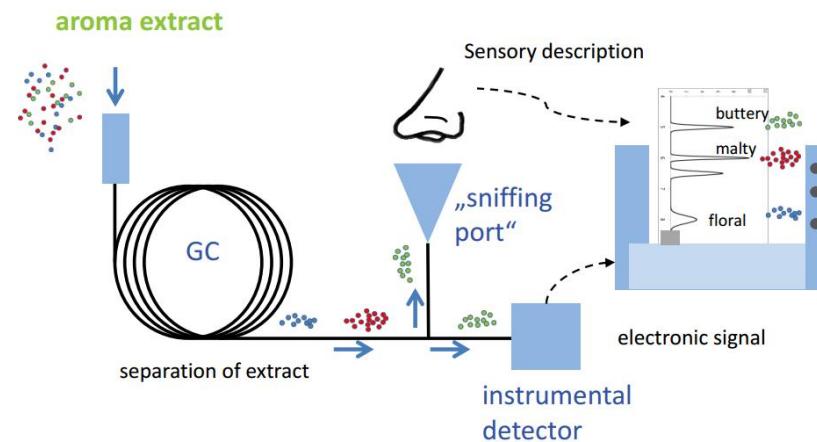
Parkinson's disease



The University of Manchester



Joy Milne – Super smeller





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Any questions?

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