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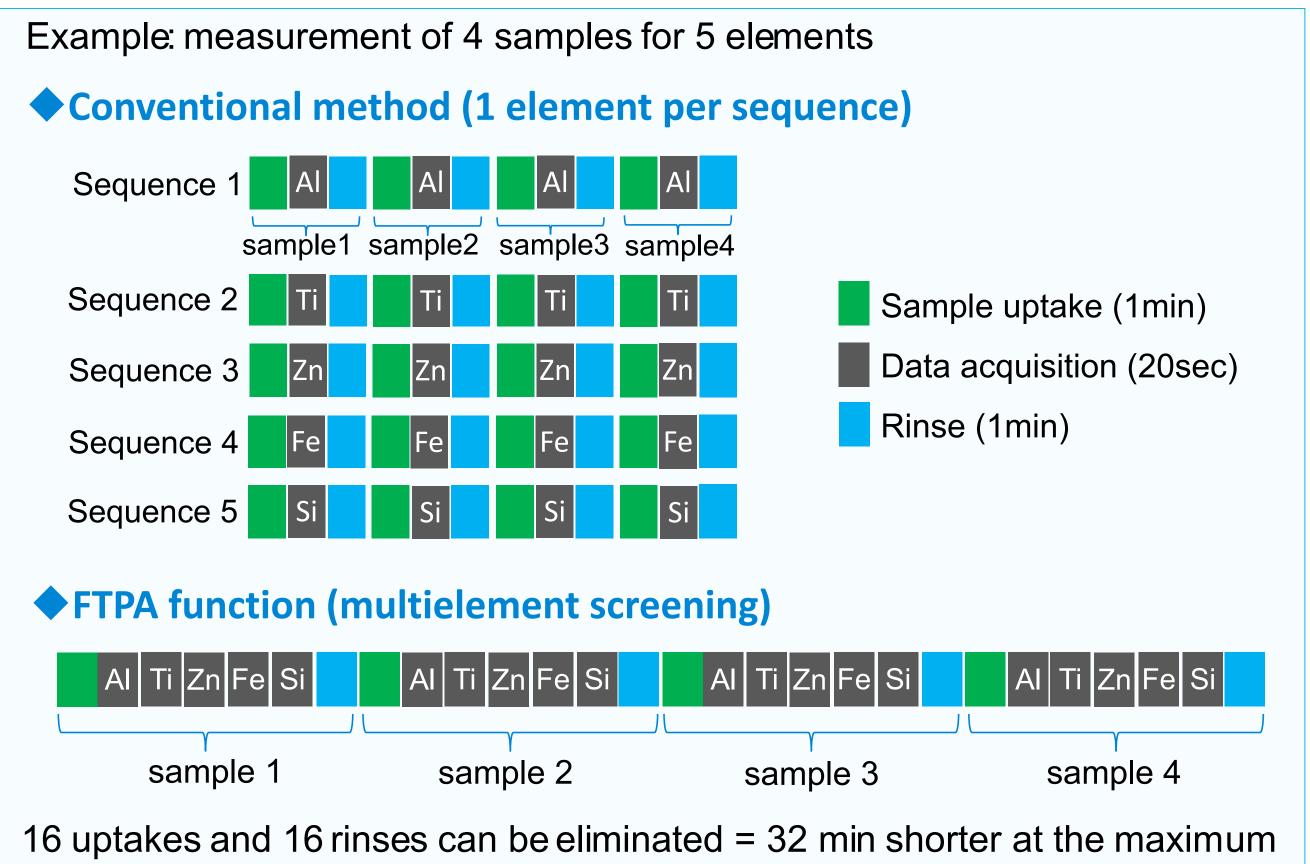
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Introduction

- spICP-MS (single particle ICP-MS) is a powerful tool to measure metalcontaining nanoparticles since it provides the particle concentration, particle size, particle distribution and dissolved element concentration simultaneously
- Multi-elemental analysis of spICP-MS is now being required for understanding which elements the NPs in a sample are composed of, and thereby gaining the information of the NPs' origin
- We recently developed a Fast Time Program Analysis (FTPA) function to rapidly measure multiple elements sequentially by spICP-MS mode within a single analysis
- FTPA function can reduce measurement time, simplify the multielement analysis
- In this study, AI,Ti, Zn and Si in sunscreens and swimming pool water samples were measured using the FTPAfunction and the application of the method to real samples is discussed



(assuming no wait time between each element measurement)

Experimental

Reference Material and Samples

Au NP: NIST 8013 (nominal 60nm diameter) used for measuring the nebulization efficiency

Sunscreens: purchased in a local store in Tokyo

Swimming poor water: collected from swimming pools in Tokyo area

Sample Preparation

Sunscreens: All samples were diluted 50x with 1% Triton X100 in de-ionized water, followed by 100,000x with 001% Triton X-100 to make working solutions. The ingredient information of AI, Ti, Zn and Si provided by sunscreen manufactures is shown in Table 1.

Table 1. Sunscreen ingredients according to the manufactures

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	Al	Ti	Zn	Si
Sunscreen A	Al(OH) ₃	TiO ₂	-	SiO ₂
Sunscreen B	-	-	-	_
Sunscreen C	Al(OH) ₃	TiO ₂	ZnO	cyclopentasiloxane

Swimming pool water: measured by ICP-MS without any sample preparations.

Instrument and Conditions

- Agilent 7900 ICP-MS and MassHunter's Single Particle Application module were used for data collection and analysis
- ²⁷Al, ⁴⁷Ti, ⁶⁶Zn and ²⁸Si were measured using FTPA function
- No gas mode: ²⁷Al, ⁴⁷Ti, ⁶⁶Zn H₂ mode: ²⁸Si
- Standard quartz sample introduction systems were used with a 1.0 mm injector diameter torch
- General analytical conditions are shown in Table 2

Table 2. Operational conditions

Parameter	Value		
RF power	1550 w		
Sampling depth	8.0 mm		
Carrier gas	0.87 L/min		
Sample uptake rate	0.35 mL/min		
Spray chamber temp.	2 °C		
Dwell time	0.1 ms		
Settling time	0 ms		
H ₂ flow at H ₂ mode	5.0 mL/min		
Data acquisition time	20 s/element		

Results and Discussion

Time resolved data of NPs in sunscreen samples

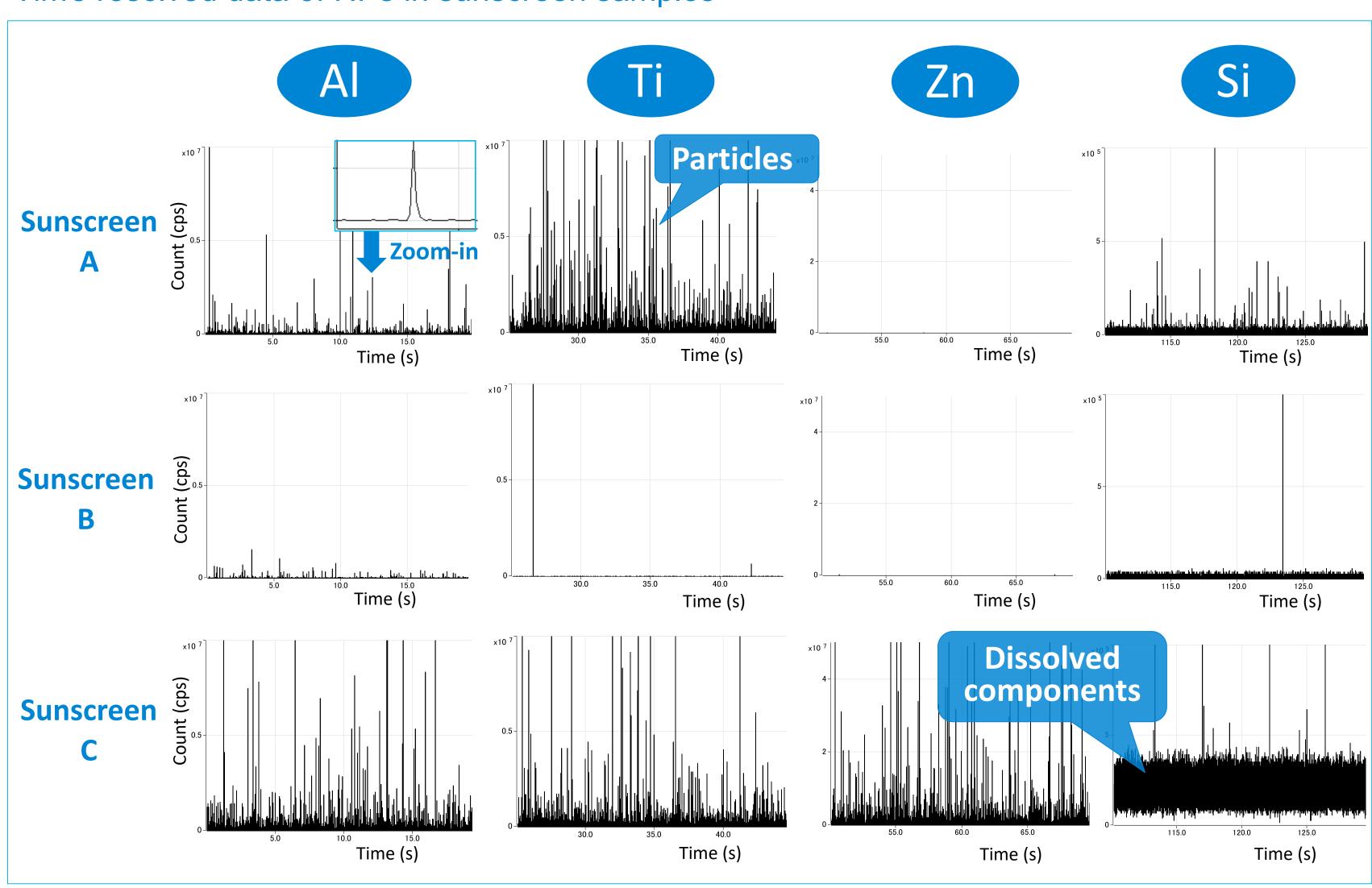
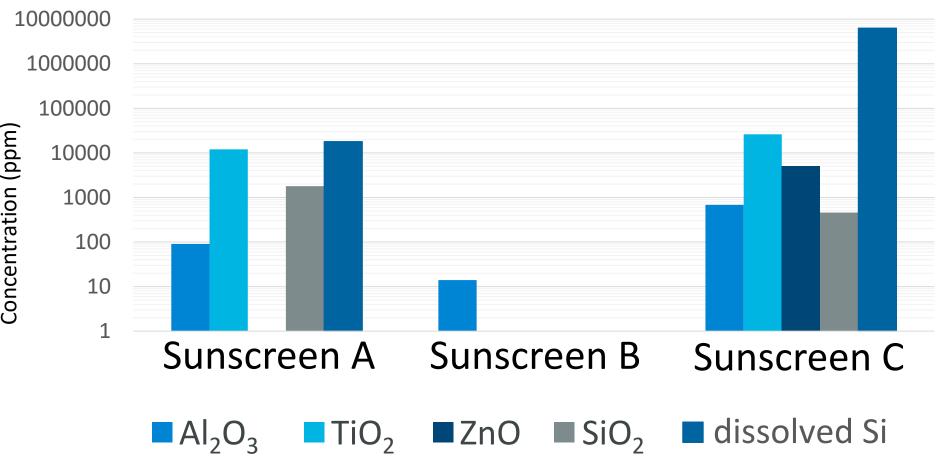


Figure 1. Time resolved data of NPs in sunscreens

- As shown in Figure 1, sharppeaks from metal containing NPs were detected in sunscreen A and C, while no NPs were observed in sunscreen B.This agreed with the ingredient information according to the manufactures (Table 1).
- The high and continuous background of Si in sunscreen C means that dissolved Si components exist in the sample. This is likely cyclopentasiloxane, which is one of the main ingredients for cosmetic products and has a unique fluidity that makes it easily spreadable.
- Figure 2 shows the quantitative results for AI, Ti, Zn and Si. ThespICP-MS with FTAP function indicates its ability to give qualitative and quantitative information without a time-consuming acid digestion of sunscreen samples.





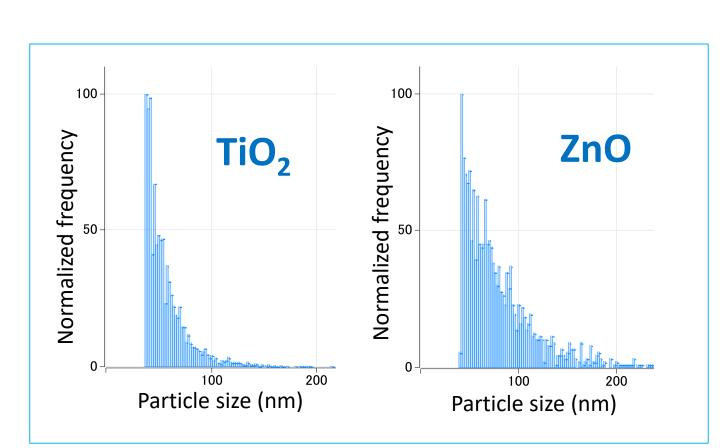


Figure 3. Particle size distribution of sunscreen C

Nanoparticles in swimming pool

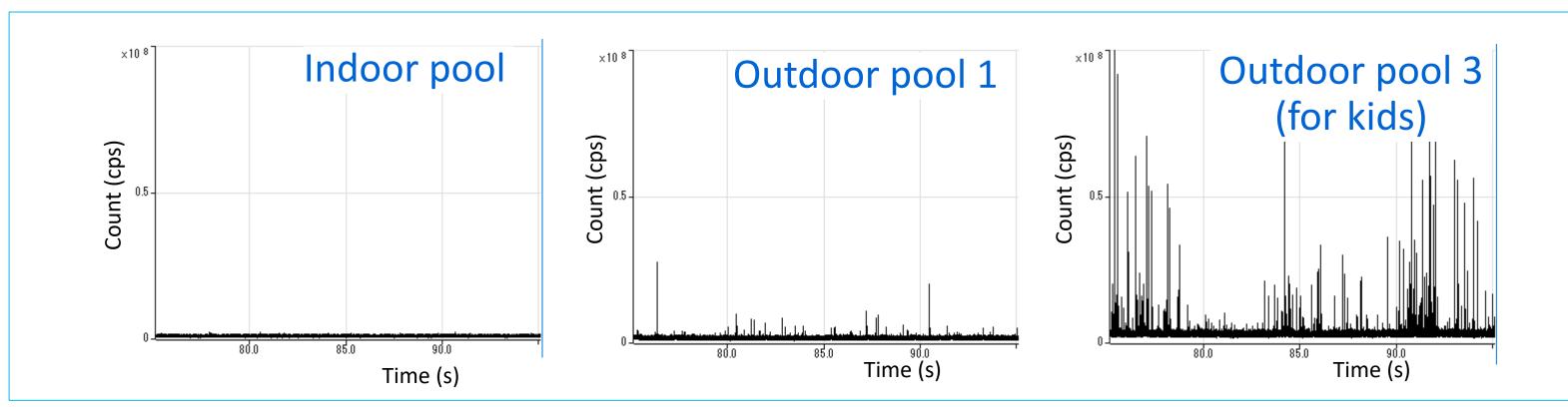


Figure 4. Time resolved data for Zn

Table 2. particle numbers in swimmin a pool waters

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		rticle number les/20s)	Particle concentration (particles/L)					
	TiO ₂	ZnO	TiO ₂	ZnO				
Pure water	1	2	1.3 x 10 ⁵	2.6×10^{5}				
Indoor pool	30	7	3.9×10^6	9.1×10^5				
Outdoor pool 1	105	122	1.4×10^7	1.6×10^7				
Outdoor pool 2	187	181	2.4×10^7	2.3×10^7				
Outdoor pool 3 (for kids)	395	390	5.1×10^7	5.1×10^7				

Conclusions

FTPA function with spICP-MS module in MassHunter

- provides particle concentration, particle size, particle distribution and dissolved element concentration for multiple elements in a single analysis
- simplifies the analytical method and shortens the sample run time
- can be used for a real sample analysis without a time-consuming sample preparation

References

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- 2. P.Lu, S. Huang, Y.Chen, L. Chiueh and D. Y.Shih, J. Food and Drug Anal., 2015, 23,587-594.