

Analysis of the Isomeric Forms of Methyl-D-Glucopyranose

Application Note

Food

Authors

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Introduction

Agilent Hi-Plex ligand-exchange chromatography columns are commonly used for the analysis and separation of sugars and/or sugar alcohols. However, under the right conditions, these columns are also able to separate isomeric forms of simple sugars, such as methyl-D-glucopyranose shown here in this application note.



Conditions

Column	Agilent Hi-Plex Ca, 7.7 × 300 mm, 8 µm (p/n PL1170-6810)		
Sample	Methyl-alpha/beta-D-glucopyranose isome	rs	
Sample size	20 mg/mL		
Mobile phase	100% DI H ₂ 0		
Flow rate	0.6 mL/min		
Injection volume	20 µL		
Temperature	85 °C		
Detector	RI		
0	m	in	14

Figure 1. Separation of methyl-alpha/beta-D-glucopyranose isomers using an Agilent Hi-Plex Ca, 8 µm column. See Table 1 for peak identification.

Table 1. Peak Identification for Figure 1

Peak	Name	Time (min)	Height (µV)	Area (%)	Width 50% (min)	As. USP	10% Asymmetry	Res. HW	Plate counts	Plates/m
1	Methyl-beta-D-glucopyranose	10.75	707947.3	47.420	0.22	0.96	0.96	0.00	13722	45739
2	Methyl-alpha-D-glucopyranose	11.59	694379.7	52.580	0.23	0.96	0.97	2.19	13589	45296
Total			1402326.9	100.000						

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